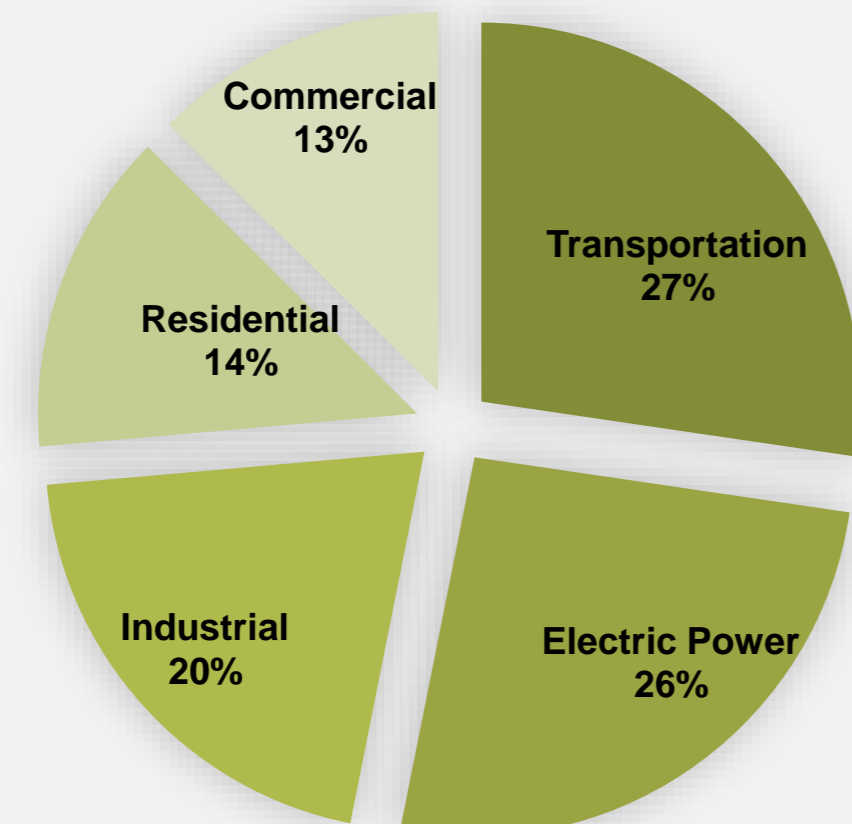


CO₂ Reduction in Transportation Planning using Machine Learning

Motivation / Background

Transportation is the largest contributor to CO₂ emissions in the US, and by 2050 is expected to double.

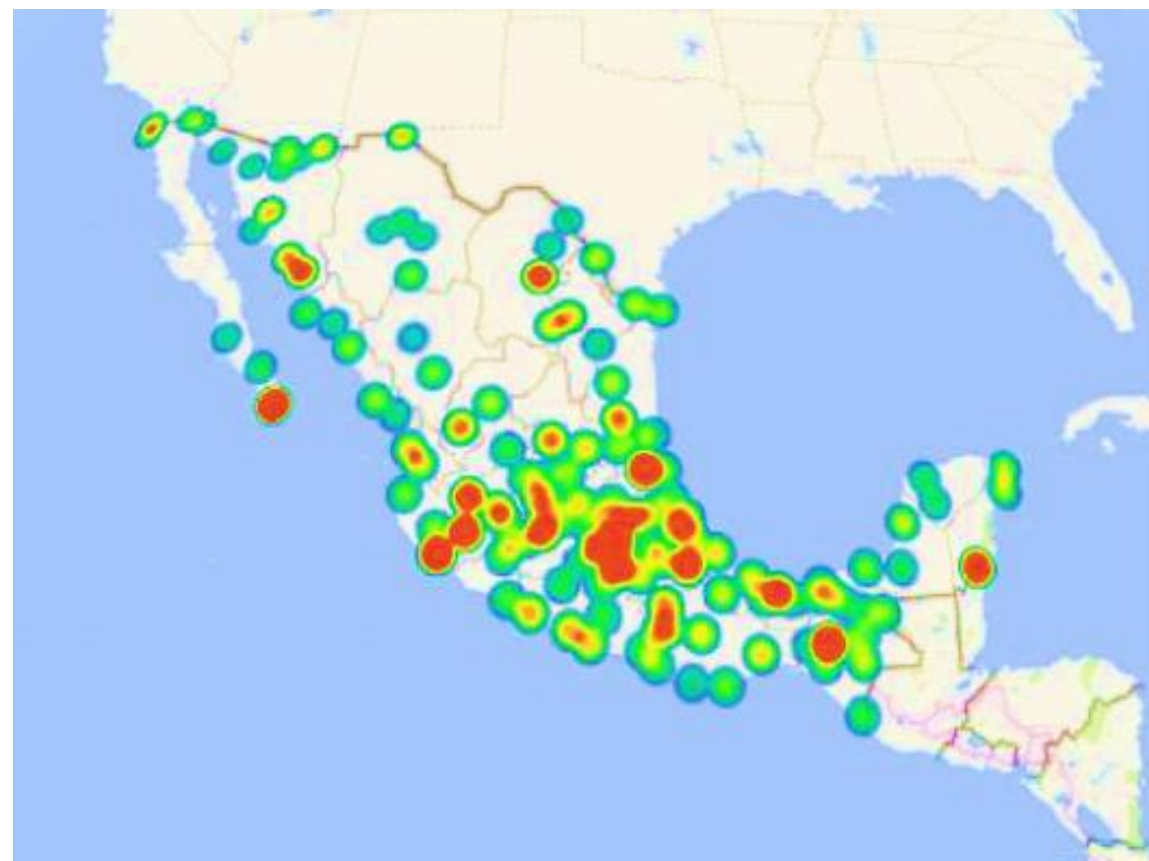
CO₂ from Energy Consumption by US Sector, 2016



Source: US Energy Information Administration

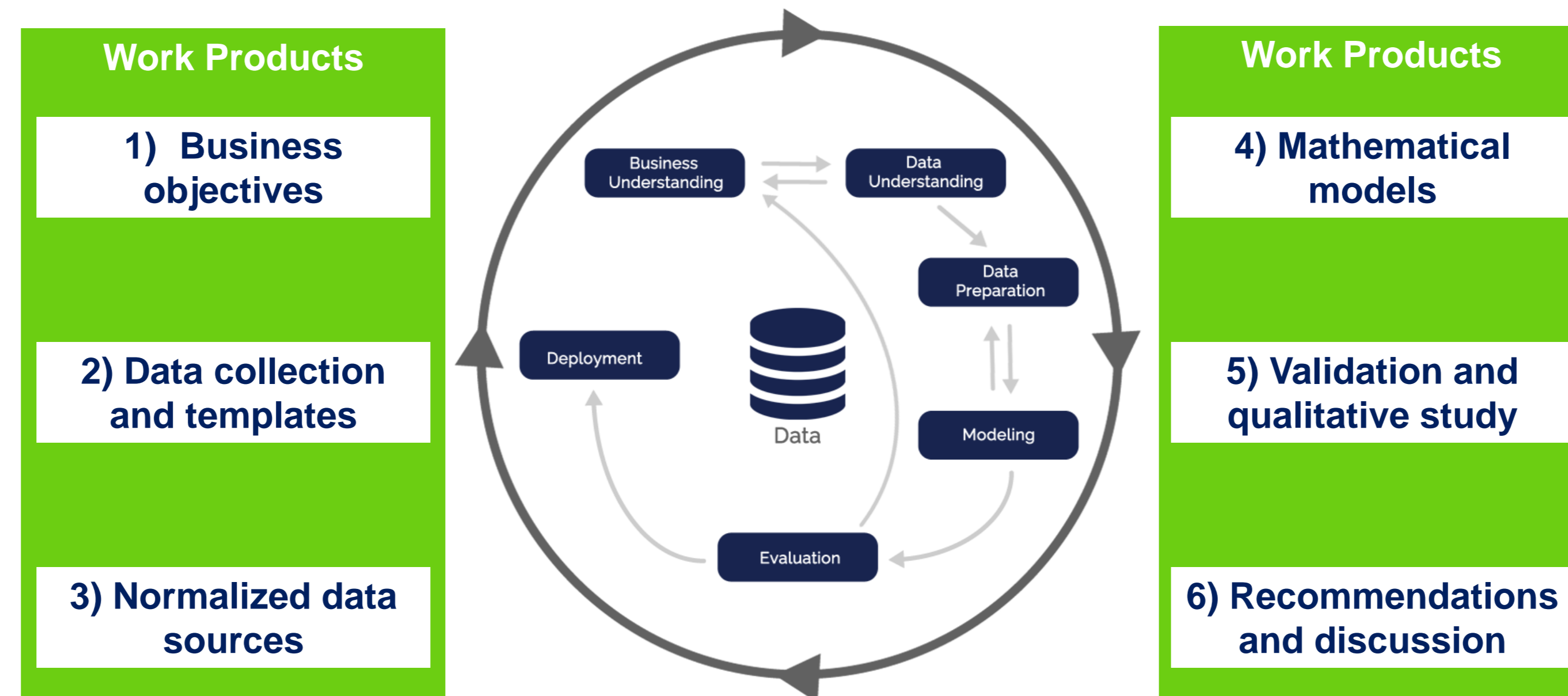
It is possible to reduce CO₂ emissions by making optimal truck-route assignments based on vehicle characteristics, topology and traffic conditions.

Kg CO₂/ Ton-Km per vehicle-region

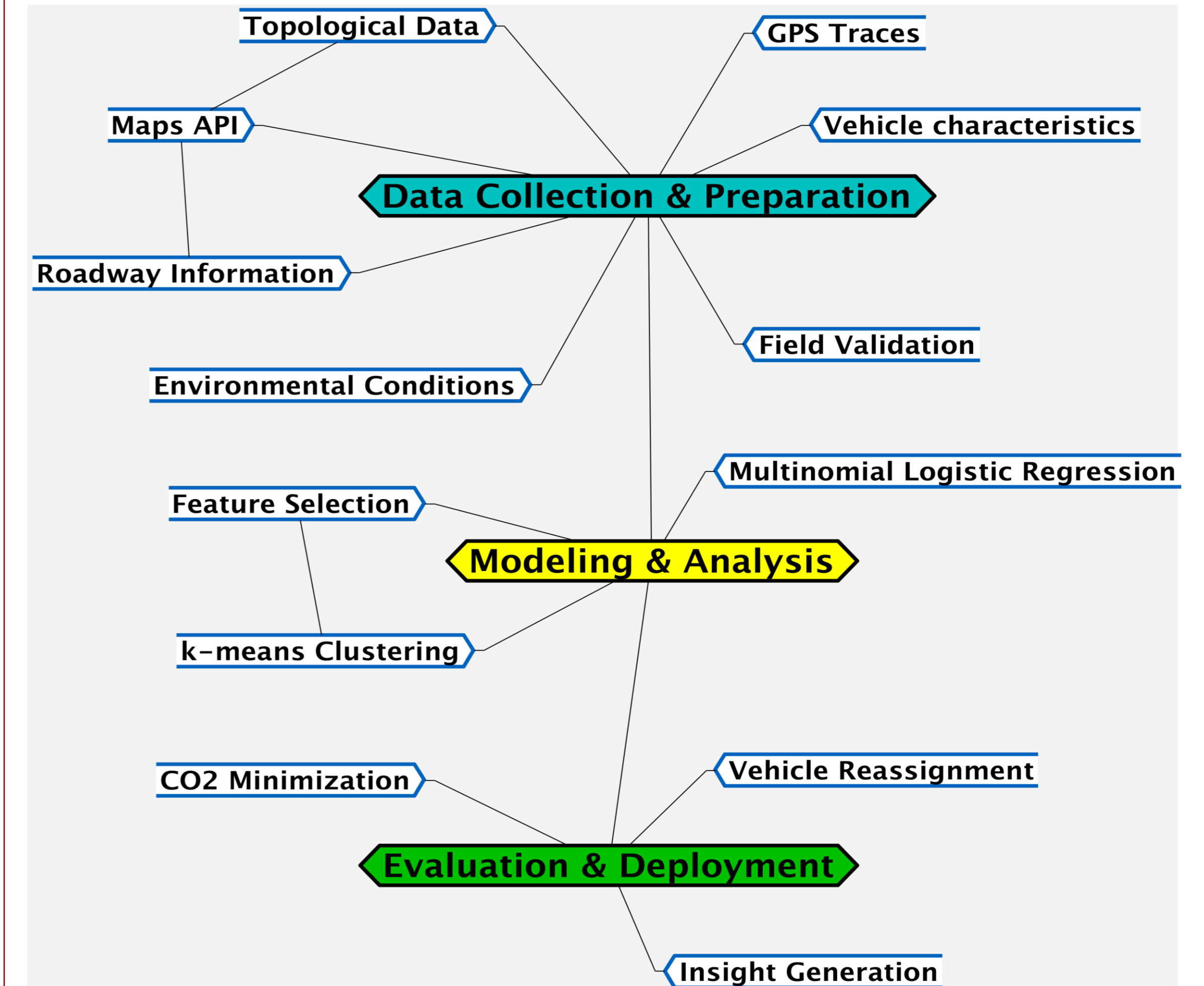


Process Model

We adopt a modification of Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP-DM), an iterative industry process model for data analytics with six flexible stages:



Methodology



Key Questions / Hypothesis

- Are certain vehicles more efficient on given road & environmental conditions?
- How should we segment delivery areas to optimize fuel consumption?
- Which vehicle characteristics have the most effect on CO₂ emissions?

Relevant Literature

- Demir, E., Bektas, T., Laporte G., 2011. A comparative analysis of several vehicle emission models for road freight transportation.
- Díaz, J., Giraldo, N., Flórez, D., Rangel, V., Mejía, C., Huertas J., Bernal, M., 2017. Eco-driving key factors that influence fuel consumption in heavy truck fleets: A Colombian case.
- Velázquez, J., Fransoo, J., Blanco, E., Valenzuela, K., 2016. A new statistical method of assigning vehicles to delivery areas for CO₂ emissions reduction.

Expected Contributions

- New ways to classify vehicles based on their fuel efficiency / carbon emissions
- Further insight on which vehicle characteristics have the most impact on fuel consumption
- Optimal CO₂ truck assignment per region specific to our project sponsor

Ade Barkah



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